



The pursuit of
an ETernal
HERitage

ETHER

**Enabling Museums
to Benefit
from the Mobile Revolution**

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The ETHER Initiative

76th SAMA National Conference 2012

Paarl, Western Cape, South Africa

30 Oct – 1 Nov 2012



ETHER: heritage technologies and practice

- Workshop + Educational Programme:
 - Copyright
 - Creative income streams
 - SPECTRUM + Collection Management Practice
 - 4-5 Dec : Cape Town
- Digitisation Strategy
- Policy Development
- Collection Management Systems
- **NOW: Using Mobile for Visitor Experience**



*“Never send a human to
do a machine’s job”*

Agent Smith, The Matrix



What are museums my definition

[76 years of conferences, and SAMA is still debating what is a museum!

Here is my two cents worth!]

**Museums are the owners of the interface
between the past, the present and the future**

Core functions include:

Information (collect and manage)

Communications (to many stakeholders)

Museums are inherently ICT organisations



What role can Mobile Technologies play?

Everyone carries a mobile phone / tablets :
increasingly smartphones

Modern mobile phones / tablets are powerful computers (Internet, camera, music player, game player, messaging system ... and also a phone!)

**If mobile technology is the answer ...
... then what is the question?**



Two key questions...

How to get more visitors?

How to give them a better experience?



Follow on questions ...

- Who is visiting?
 - What are they doing?
 - What do they prefer?
 - Did they have a good experience?
 - What can they take away with them?
 - How can they recommend to others?
- How much information do they want?
Depth vs breadth?
- How to create the balance between
PHYSICAL and DIGITAL visits?

The Mobile Revolution

- Mobile Apps v Mobile Web
- Social Media
- QR Codes
- Augmented Reality – James May, London Science Museum

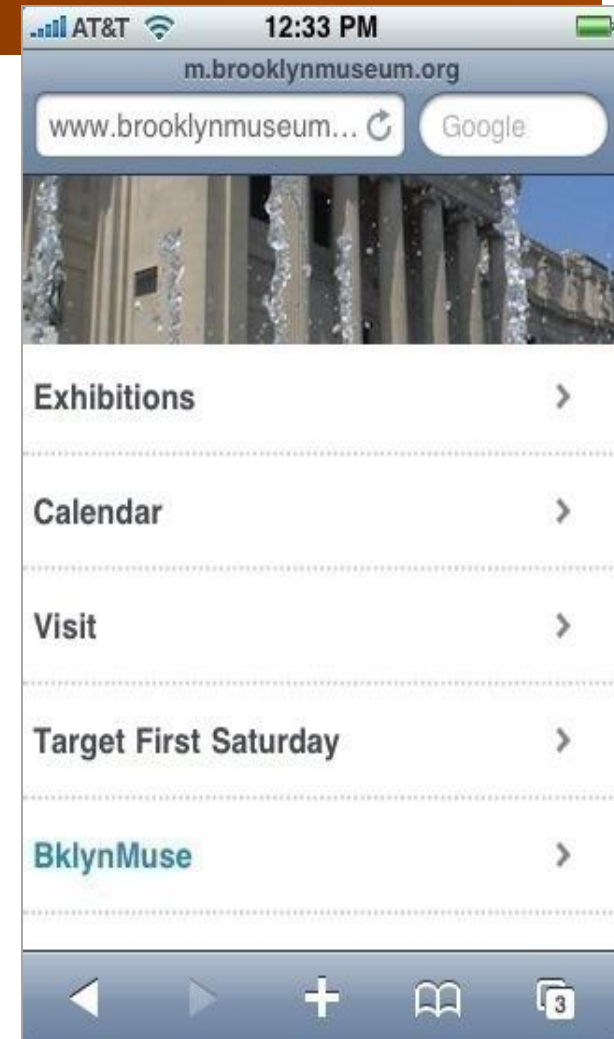


Mobile Web – Our Choice

- Ease of development of mobile web sites / mobile web applications
- Drastic improvements in technology of mobile web in past year
- Runs on any phone with connection to Internet
- Independent of changes in devices and operating systems (Windows 8, Android, IOS)

What are others doing?

- **Museums of Contemporary Art of Australia** : Mobile App : Large downloads which did not complete
- **Brooklyn Museum** : up to date with events, exhibitions, but jumps to main web page (unreadable)
- **Los Angeles County Museum of Art** : did not work on my Samsung Galaxy Note, but did work on iPad 1. Not much information.





International Best Practices in Mobile Web / Apps

- The most current and modern are far from the ideal.
- Focus on Apps rather than Mobile Web
- Most directed at what visitors needs to know BEFORE they get there, not for help DURING their visit.
- Much talk about QR codes and Augmented Reality, but little evidence of large-scale usage
- The usage of Mobile in Museums is only starting internationally

Our Proposed Maturity Model for Museums usage of Mobile Technologies

Level	Description
1	<i>No Mobile Capability</i>
2	Mobile Web Site / Electronic Brochure : simple page or complex set of pages. Complete information needed to decided to visit and how to get there.
3	Visitor Support / Virtual Exhibitions / Regular Updating : news, exhibitions, events, visitor profiling, mobile support during exhibitions.
4	Engagement : Community Engagement / Virtual Tours : interaction with community and “friends of museum”, multiple virtual tours (short/long/thematic), digital collections online.
5	Total Mobile Strategy : fully digital institution, integration of all museum processes via mobile.

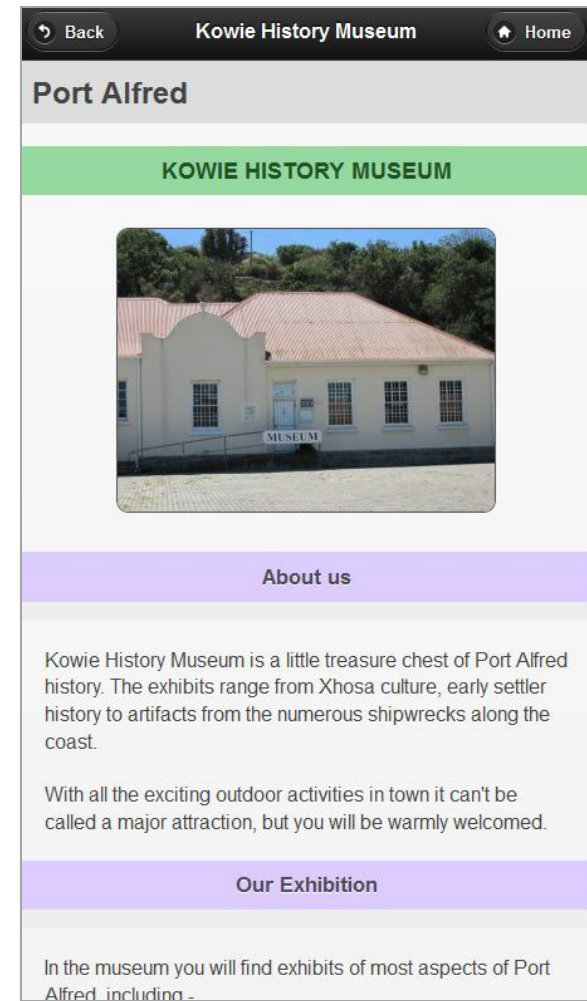
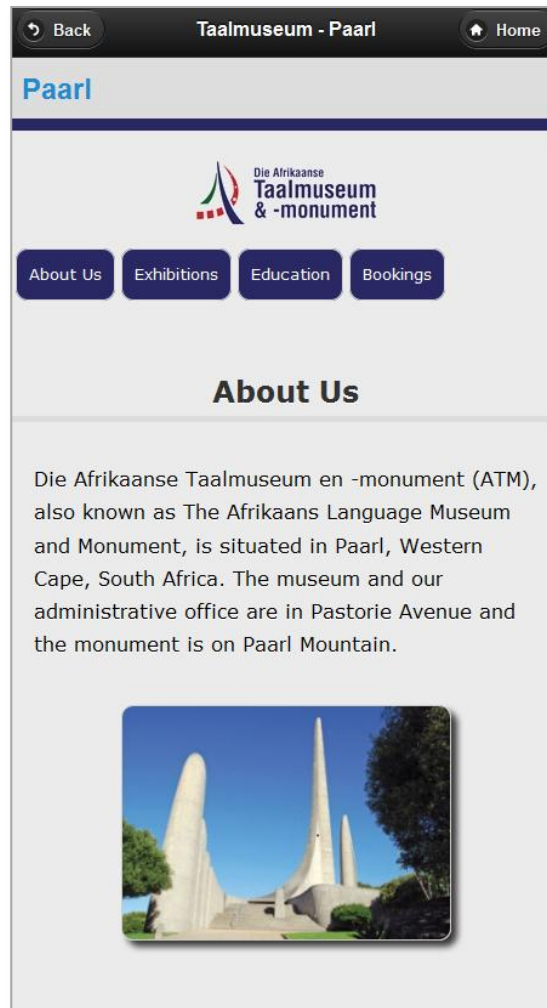


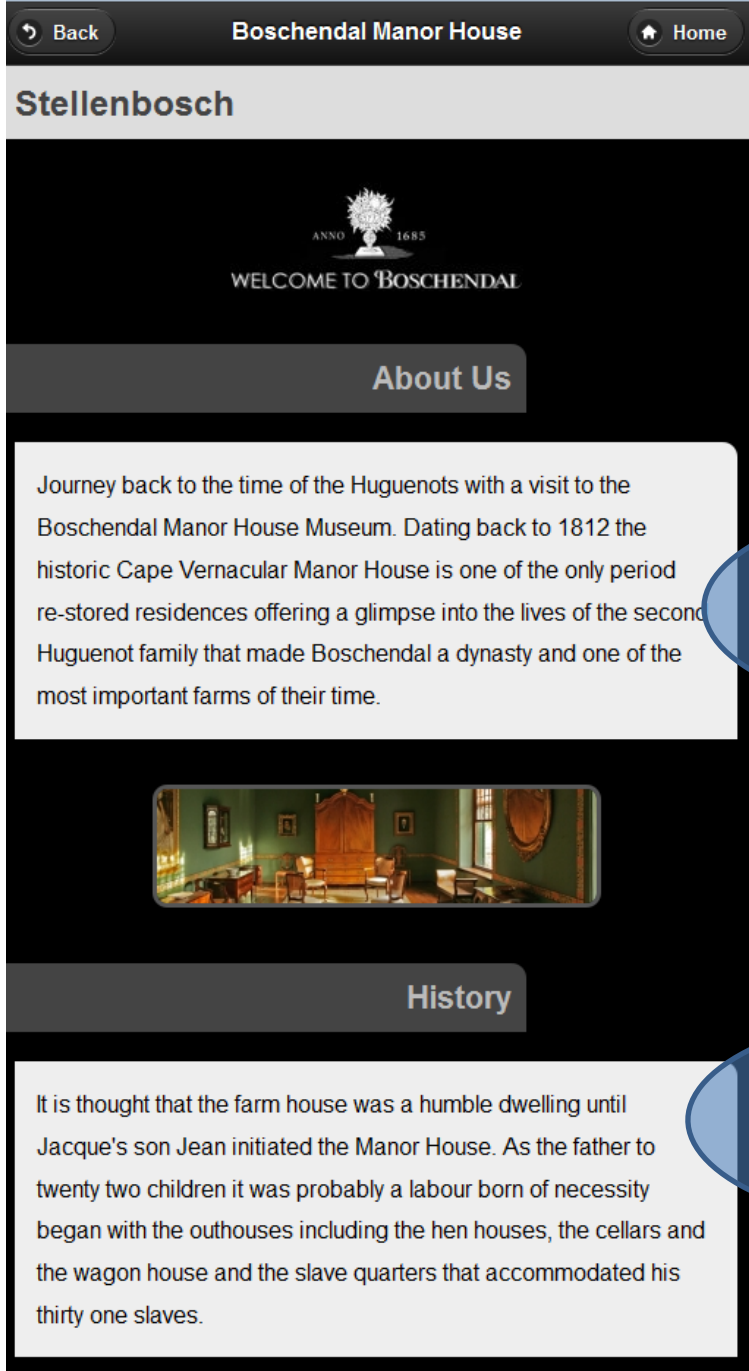
What we are doing in The ETHER Initiative

1. **Mobile-based web pages** for museums / heritage sites / communities
2. **Virtual Guide** on mobile devices : info, audio, video, depth, mark as favourite, feedback, rating
3. **Virtual Scenes** : interpretative guide to physical sites and complex exhibits
4. **Visitor Profiling** and Statistics
5. **Mobile Newsletters** and Magazines

Mini Web Pages for museums

- Built for mobile devices on the XtownX platform
- Complements the full web site – scaled down essential information
- Quick and easy to build
- We help to improve search ranking from Mobile Devices





During its restoration in 1973 painted friezes were discovered on the walls and recent scrapings have exposed details of even more layers. These paintings might have been the work of itinerant artists or resident slaves two hundred years ago.

The Manor House was declared a national monument and opened to the public in 1976. The presence of preceding generations is palpable in this fascinating home.

Contact Details

Website: www.boschendalwines.co.za

Open: 09:30-17:00 daily

Cost: R15 per person (self guided tour)

Guided tours available on request: R20.00pp for guided tours

Tel: [021.870.4279](tel:021.870.4279)



Link to Phone
One click call

Future linkage to
online Maps

Audio Players

Widely used in high traffic sites.
But what is the next technology
for visitor experience?

Needs...

- Greater customisation
- Greater choice
- Take home the experience



Fort Nonqgayi Museum Village – Virtual Exhibits

Fort Nonqgayi Museum Village

Fort Nonqgayi
MUSEUM VILLAGE

To follow the exhibits in the museum village, click on the Virtual Guide below and enter the code of the exhibit

Virtual Guide



The Fort Nonqgayi Museum Village is located on the grounds of the Fort Nonqgayi itself, and includes


Virtual Guide

2

1

Mission Museum Chapel

Norwegians were prominent in missionary work in the Eshowe region. The chapel they built is a quaint haven of meditation amidst the already tranquil surroundings of the Museum Village. It is still in use for special events such as weddings and christenings



Virtual Guide


enter code

2

Beadwork

Africa is home to hundreds of tribes, all of which have a rich culture of traditional crafts and artefacts. In what is today South Africa, one of the largest tribal groupings is the Nguni, and amongst the best known of these is the Zulu nation. Although they produce many unique hand crafted items, the Zulu are best known for their intricate and often spectacular bead work

Zulu Beads have been worn by the Zulu from ancient times, with the oldest examples being made of materials ranging from the bones or the shell of an ostrich egg, to stones, seeds and metal. With the increasing level of urbanization amongst the Zulu, many beaded items for everyday use are today made from plastic beads. However, the best quality modern Zulu beadwork is made almost exclusively from glass beads (known as seed beads). Although these beads are not manufactured by the Zulu, their use has its roots not in the European colonization of Africa, but in trade between ancient African nations. Glass beads appear to have been a by-product of the discovery of glass, which is said to have occurred in Egypt during the rule of the pharaohs some 30 centuries ago. The Egyptians were favourably placed to trade with African peoples to the south, and were keen to acquire the ivory, gold and slaves that were available further south.



Virtual Guide

enter code

7

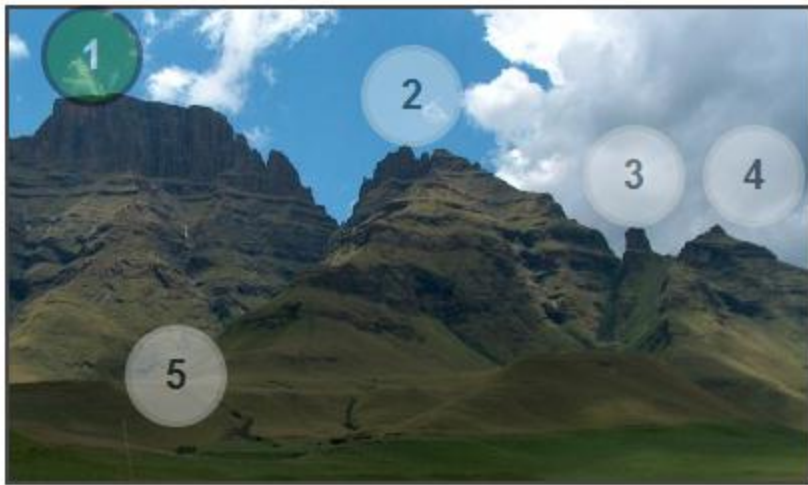
King Cetshwayo

King Cetshwayo, ruler of the Zulu Nation 1873 to 1883. O... refused to bow to the demands of the British, and lead t... nation against the British during the Anglo-Zulu War.



Mobile Based Virtual Guide : as a complementary alternative to audio players / human guides / costly exhibits ...

Multi-language / audio / video / interaction / ratings / feedback / track usage by visitor profile / visitors can mark for reading at home



Cathkin Peak (3149m)

This is the most recognised peak in the Drakensberg area and is close to the barrier of spears and the Gatberg.

"Cathkin Peak was named after the residence of a Lanarkshire immigrant, Stephan Snyman, who named his home after Cathkin Braes, a hill in Glasgow". (Wikipedia).

Around 4000 San rock paintings exist in this area of the Drakensberg, making this one of the largest concentrations of rock art in the world.

Virtual Scenes

- Heritage Sites
- Complex Exhibits
- Highlights the points of interest from visitor viewpoint



Discussion and Conclusions

- The Mobile Technologies **WILL** play a part in your museum in the **NEAR** future
- Let us move beyond the curve and become a world exemplar for this technology
- It does not have to be built elsewhere! It can be designed and built here (**local content means local jobs!**)
- We have plans for many new museum services available through Mobile Web.



Local Web Practices Survey

- Informal survey of 80 museums and art galleries, drawn from a population of 400.
- User analysis of web sites in terms of usability, information content, and what else is available. Quantitative and qualitative.

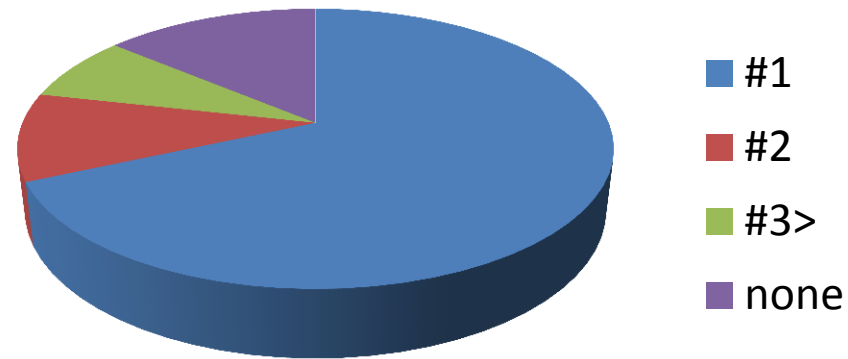
Discussion : Lessons Learned / Future Plan

- Challenge in take up of using mobile in museums – new technology – but highly familiar to users
- Challenge in requiring users to register – which we need to ensure profiling of the visitors
- Improving the speed of development
- A focus on promotion of Virtual Guide in museum contexts

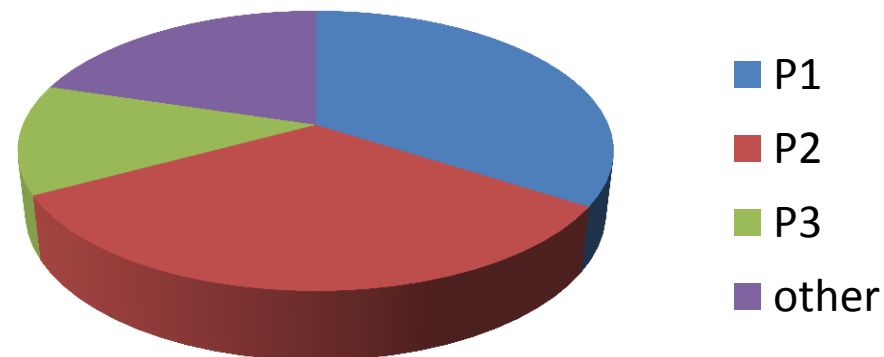
Results of Survey

- 3/80 : no web presence found
- 39/77 : using another domain
- Search results on Google
- Only 25% were considered to have up to date content

Google Rank : Museum Name



Google Rank : Town "MUSEUM"



Contents of Museum Web Pages

Content	% of museums
Hours of opening	78%
Costs of Admission	78%
Contact Details	96%
Telephone	93%
Physical Address	93%
GPS Coordinates	80%
Staff Details	25%